

Ramp It Up!

Strands:

Quantitative Situations	X
Unit Analysis	X
Measurement	X
Logic & Proof	
Figures & Properties	
Relationships Among Figures	
Transformations	

Do you know anyone who uses a wheelchair? A lot of consideration goes into the design of an accessibility ramp. Few houses are built to accommodate such a ramp. Use the worksheets that follow to help Scott design a ramp for his house then consider what you would need to do to build a ramp for your house.

Materials:

- Colored pencils
- Ruler (tape measure for extension problem)

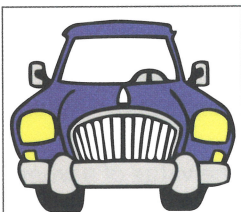


Where?

Outside	X
Inside	X
On-line	
On-site	

A State of Michigan law designates that any accessibility ramp must have a slope of at most $1/12$. That is, for every 12 feet of horizontal distance, the ramp can elevate no more than 1 foot.

1. Draw a diagram to represent this information and find the distance (hypotenuse) a person would travel up the ramp if the ramp conforms to state law and has an elevation of 1 foot.
2. Find each ratio for the ramp in problem 1, then find the value of θ where θ is the angle between the ground and the ramp. For each, also state whether a higher or lower ratio makes the ramp easier to climb and why.
 - a. $\tan \theta$
 - b. $\sin \theta$
 - c. $\cos \theta$
 - d. θ (in degrees to the nearest hundredth)
3. Before building his ramp, Scott wanted to test the state standards at a local store so he used a mileage wheel on a particular ramp. The length he traveled up the ramp was 28 feet. Scott also measured the height of the ramp and found it to be 2 feet 4 inches. Does this ramp meet state requirements? Why or why not?
4. There is a training ramp at the hospital that has an angle of 4° with the ground. It is a long ramp built to simulate a hill. Scott measured the horizontal length of the ramp to be 120 feet.
 - a. What is the height of the ramp?
 - b. What is the greatest elevation change (to the nearest hundredth) the ramp can have to comply with state law?
 - c. Is the hospital ramp in compliance with state law?
5. Scott's family is moving and found a nice new house but there was no ramp! Scott will have to build one. Scott prefers an easier climb so he wants to build a ramp with an angle of 3° . The height of the doorway is 40 inches.
 - a. To build the shortest ramp possible with an angle of elevation of 3° , how much lawn space does Scott need?
 - b. Scott's lawn is 36 feet long and 30 feet wide. Does he have enough lawn to make a straight ramp (no turns)?
 - c. Can you design a ramp that still meets the state requirements? Make a scale drawing of the ramp using an overhead view and 2-dimensional side views with detailed measurements. The ramp should be at least 54 inches wide. Any turns must have a flat section 54 in by 54 in. Otherwise, be creative!

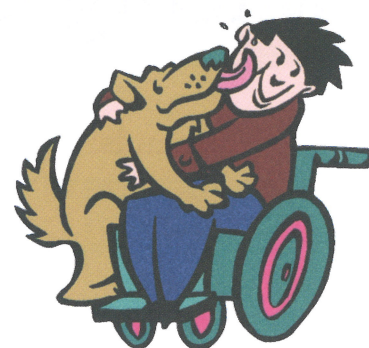
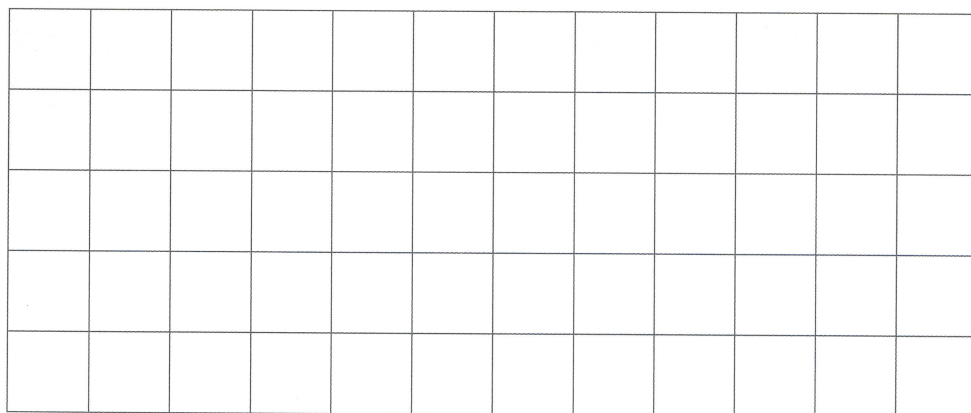


Driveway

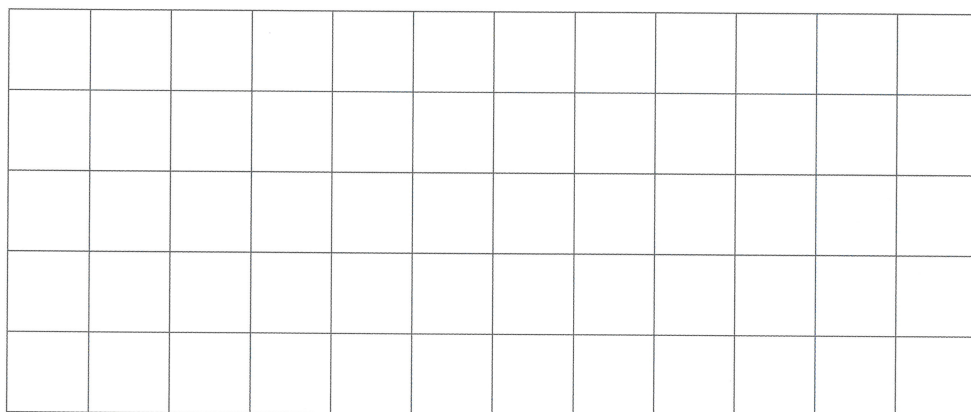


Scott's Front Yard

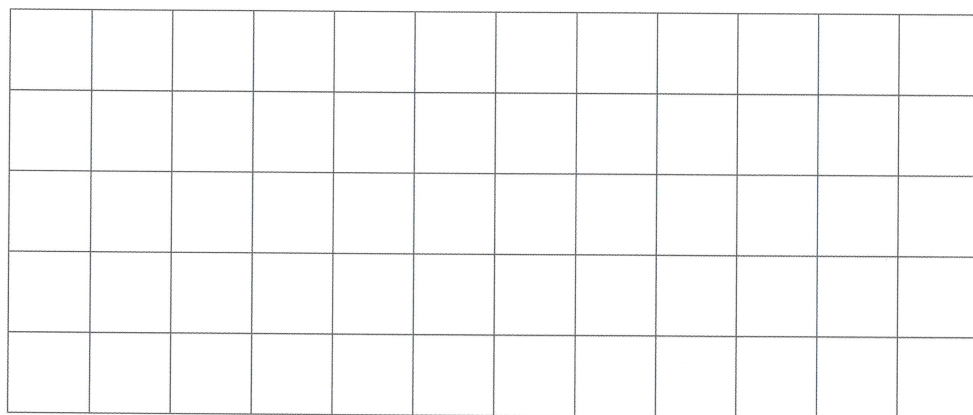
Sidewalk



Driveway Side View



Right Side View



Sidewalk Side View